PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS



FX2N-4AD-TC SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK

USER'S GUIDE

JY992D65501E

This manual contains text, diagrams and explanations which will guide the reader in the correct installation and operation of the FX $_{2N}$ -4AD-TC special function block and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.

Further information can be found in the FX PROGRAMMING MANUAL(II) and FX0N/FX1N/FX2N/FX2N/FX3U/FX3U/FX3UC SERIES HARDWARE MANUAL.

Guidelines for the Safety of the User and Protection of the FX2N-4AD-TC special function block.

This manual should be used by trained and competent personnel. The definition of such a person or persons is as follows:

- a) Any engineer using the product associated with this manual, should be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to the local and national standards. These engineers should be fully aware of all aspects of safety with regards to automated equipment.
- b) Any commissioning or service engineer must be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to the local and national standards.
- c) All operators of the completed equipment should be trained to use this product in a safe and coordinated manner in compliance to established safety practices.
- Note: The term 'completed equipment' refers to a third party constructed device which contains or uses the product associated with this manual.

Notes on the Symbols Used in this Manual

At various times throughout this manual certain symbols will be used to highlight points of information which are intended to ensure the users personal safety and protect the integrity of equipment.



1) Indicates that the identified danger WILL cause physical and property damage.



2) Indicates that the identified danger could **POSSIBLY** cause physical and property damage.

- Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequential damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.
- All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for the actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
- Owing to the very great variety in possible applications for this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your own specific application.

1. INTRODUCTION

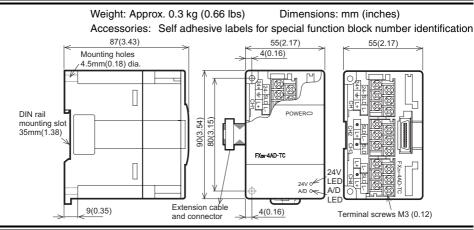
 The FX2N-4AD-TC analog block amplifies the signal from four thermocouple sensors (Type K or J) and converts the data into 16 bit reading's stored in the main unit. Both Centigrade (°C) and Fahrenheit (°F) can be read.

Reading resolution is 0.4°C/0.72°F of Type K and 0.3°C/0.54°F of Type J.

- The FX2N-4AD-TC can connected to the FX0N/FX1N/FX2N/FX2NC/FX3U/FX3UC series Programmable Controllers (PLC).
- All data transfers and parameter settings are adjusted via software control of the FX2N-4AD-TC; by use of the TO/FROM applied instructions in the PLC.
- The FX2N-4AD-TC occupies 8 I/O points on the PLC expansion bus. The 8 I/O points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs. The FX2N-4AD-TC draws 30mA from the 5V rail of the main unit or powered extension unit.
- Thermocouples with the following specifications can be used: Type K (JIS C 1602-1995)

Type J (JIS C 1602-1995)

2. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



3. CONNECTION WITH PLC

3.1 Connection with PLC

The FX_{2N}-4AD-TC unit can be connected to the PLCs as follows. Restrictions apply to the maximum number of connectable units, depending on the DC24V/DC5V Power Supply capacities and the Main Unit/ Special Function Unit types. For details, refer to the respective PLC manual.

FX2N/FX3U : The maximum connectable units is 8.

- FX3UC^{*1} : The maximum connectable units is 8. To connect the FX2N-4AD with the FX3UC main unit, FX2NC-CNV-IF or FX3UC-1PS-5V is required.
 FX2NC : The maximum connectable units is 4.
 - To connect the FX2N-4AD-TC with the FX2Nc main unit, FX2Nc-CNV-IF is required.

FX1N : The maximum connectable units is 8.

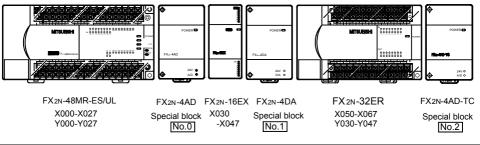
FX0N : The maximum connectable units is 4.

*1 Up to 7 units can be connected to an FX3UC-32MT-LT PLC.

3.2 Special function block numbers

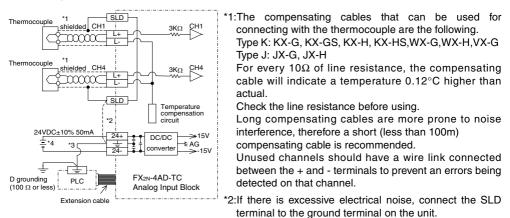
Other special units of blocks that use FROM/TO commands, such as analog input blocks, analog output blocks and high-speed counter blocks, can be directly connected to the main unit of the PLC or to the right side of other extension blocks or units.

Connection example



4. WIRING

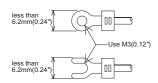
4.1 Wiring



*3: Connect the ground terminals of the FX2N-4AD-TC unit and the main unit. Use grounding on the main unit.

*4: The 24V DC built-in supply of the PLC may be used as the power supply.

4.2 Using crimp terminations



- Use crimp terminals as indicated on the left.
- Secure the terminal using a tightening torque of between 0.5 and 0.8 $\ensuremath{\text{N}$\cdot\text{m}$}.$
- Wire only to the module terminals discussed in this manual. Leave all others vacant.

5. SPECIFICATIONS

5.1 General specification

Item	Specification
General specifications	Same as those for the main unit
Dielectric withstand voltage	500V AC, 1min (between all terminals and ground)

5.2 Power supply specification

Item	Specification
Analog circuits	24V DC ± 10%, 50mA
Digital circuits	5V DC, 30mA (internal power supply from the main unit)

5.3 Performance specification

Analog Inputs

Item		Centigrade (°C)		Fahrenheit (°F)				
nem	Both °C	Both °C and °F are available by reading the appropriate buffer memory (BFM).						
Input signal	Thermoo C 1602-1	couple: Type K or J (either can be 1995	e used for	each channel), 4 channels, JIS				
Rated temperature	Туре К	-100°C to +1,200°C	Type K	-148°F to +2,192°F				
range	Type J	-100°C to +600°C	Type J	-148°F to +1,112°F				
	16-bit binary with sign							
Digital output	Туре К	-1,000 to +12,000	Type K	-1480 to +21,920				
	Type J	-1,000 to +6,000	Type J	-1480 to +11,120				
Resolution	Туре К	0.4°C	Туре К	0.72°F				
Resolution	Type J 0.3°C Type J 0.54°F							
Overall accuracy Calibration point	± (0.5% full scale +1°C) Freezing point of pure water 0°C / 32°F							
Conversion speed	$(240ms \pm 2\%) \times 4$ channels (unused channels are not converted)							

ltem	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)		
Conversion Characteristics	(Type K) +12,000	(Type K) +21,920		
Readings given at calibration reference point 0°C/32°F (0/320) respectively. (subject to the overall accuracy)	(Type J) +6,000 -100°C +600°C +1,200°C -1,000 (Type J) (Type K)	(Type J) +11,120 -148°F +1,112°F +2,192°F -1,480 (Type J) (Type K)		

Miscellaneous

Item	Specification
Isolation	Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. DC/DC converter isolation of power from main unit. No isolation between analog channels.
Number of occupied I/O points	The block occupies 8 I/O points (can be either inputs or outputs)

Note: Earth-tipped thermocouples are not suitable for use with this unit.

5.4 Installation location

This unit measures temperature according to the temperature difference between the temperature measurement part (themocouple) and the terminal block. If this unit is installed at a place where the temperature of the terminal block varies rapidly, a measuring error may occur. For this reason, the unit should be installed at a place free from excessive temperature variation.

6. ALLOCATION OF BUFFER MEMORIES (BFM)

6.1 Buffer memories

BFM	CONTENTS
*#0	Thermocouple Type K or J selection mode. At shipment: H0000
*# 1 - #4	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature reading to be averaged (1 to 256) Default = 8
#5 - #8	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature in 0.1°C units
#9 - #12	CH1 to CH4 Present temperature in 0.1°C units
#13 - #16	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature in 0.1°F units
#17 - #20	CH1 to CH4 Present temperature in 0.1°F units
#21 - #27	Reserved
*#28	Digital range error latch
#29	Error status
#30	Identification code K2030
#31	Reserved

The FX_{2N}-4AD-TC communicates with the PLC via buffer memories.

BFMs #21 to #27 and #31 are reserved.

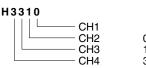
All non reserved BFMs can be read by the PLC using the FROM instruction.

BFMs (buffer memories) marked with an "*" can be written to, the special function block using the TO instruction.

1) Buffer Memory BFM #0: Thermocouple Type K or J selection mode

BFM #0 is used to select Type K or J thermocouples for each channel. Each digit of a 4 digit hexadecimal number corresponds to one channel, the least significant digit being channel 1.

[Example]



0 = K type 1 = J type 3 = Not used

• A/D conversion time is 240ms per channel. When "3" (unused) is set for a channel, A/D conversion is not executed for that channel, therefore, the total conversion time is decreased. In the above example, the conversion time is as follows:

<u>240ms (conversion time per channel) × 2channels (number of channels used) = 480ms (total conversion time)</u>

2) Buffer Memory BFMs #1 to #4: Number of temperature readings to be averaged

When the number of temperature readings to be averaged is specified for BFMs #1 to #4, the averaged data is stored in BFMs #5 to #8 ($^{\circ}$ C) and #13 to #16 ($^{\circ}$ F). Only the range 1 to 256 is valid for the number of temperature readings to be averaged. If a value outside of this range is entered, a default value of 8 is used.

3) Buffer Memory BFMs #9 to #12 and #17 to #20: Present temperature

These BFMs store the present value of the input data. This value is stored in units of 0.1°C or 0.1°F, but the resolution is only 0.4°C or 0.72°F for Type K and 0.3°C or 0.54°F for Type J.

6.2 Status Information

1) Buffer Memory BFM #28: Digital range error latch

BFM #29 b10(digital range error) is used to judge whether the measured temperature is within the unit's range.

BFM #28 latches the error status of each channel and can be used to check for thermocouple disconnection.

When an error occurs the temperature data before the error is latched. If the measured value returns to within valid limits the temperature data returns to normal operation. (Note: The error remains latched in (BFM #28))

An error can be cleared by writing K0 to BFM #28 using the TO instruction or turning off the power.

b15 or b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Not used	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Not used	CI	 4	Cł	-13	Cł	12	Cł	-11

Low: Latches ON when the temperature measurement data drops below the lowest temperature limit.

High : Turns ON when the temperature measurement data rises above the highest temperature limit, or when a thermocouple is disconnected.

[Handling for digital range error latch]

FX2N-4AD-TC has already started measuring operation when the PLC main unit's state becomes RUN after turning on the power.

If unstability of the temperature value is expected because of noise just after turning on the power, reset the error once by writing 'K0' to BFM #28.

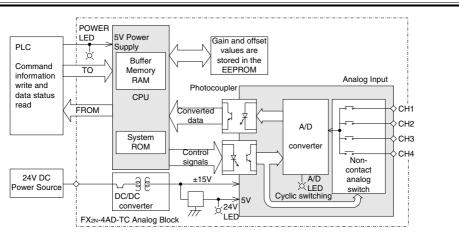
2) Buffer Memory BFM #29: Error status

Bit devices of BFM #29	ON	OFF
b0 : Error	When either b2 or b3 is ON A/D conversion is stopped for the error channel	No error
b1 : Not used	—	—
b2 : Power source	24V DC power supply failure	power supply normal
b3 : Hardware error	A/D converter or other hardware failure	Hardware Normal
b4 to b9 : Not used		—
b10 : Digital range error	Digital output/analog input value is outside the specified range.	Digital output value is normal.
b11 : Averaging number error	Selected number of averaged results is outside the available range -see BFM #1 to #4	Averaging is normal. (between 1 to 256)
b12 to b15 : Not used	—	—

3) Identification Code Buffer Memory BFM #30

The identification code or ID number for this Special Block is read from buffer memory BFM #30 using the FROM instruction. This number for the FX2N-4AD-TC unit is K2030. The PLC can use this facility in its program to identify the special block before commencing data transfer to and from the special block.

7. SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



8. EXAMPLE PROGRAM

In the program shown below, the FX2N-4AD-TC occupies the position of special block number 2 (that is the third closest block to the PLC). A Type K thermocouple is used on CH1 and a Type J on CH2. CH3 and CH4 are not used. The averaging count is four. The averaged values in degrees C of input channels CH1 and CH2 are stored respectively in data registers D0 and D1.

M8002 Initial Pulse	К2 К0 Н3310 К1]—	Specify the type of thermocouples. H3310 R Block No.2 BFM#0 CH4 and CH3: not used
M8002 Initial Pulse	K2 K30 D2 K1]	CH2: Type J(1) CH1: Type K(0) Block No.2 BFM #30 R (D2) Identification code
FNC10 CMP	K2030 D2 M0	When $(K2030) = (D2)$, M1 = ON. i.e. When identification code is K2030, M1 = ON.
	an FX2N-4AD-TC, i.e. its uni	the special function block placed at position 2 is actually t identification number is 2030 (BFM #30). This step is ftware check that the system has been configured
M8000 FNC78 RUN monitor	K2 K29 K4M10 K1]	Block No.2 BFM #29 R (K4M10) Transfer the error status to (M25 to M10). When error is found, M10 = ON
	Error found Y010	Represents b0 BFM #29
	If there is an Error on the FX read by this program step, a	monitoring of the FX2N-4AD-TC Error Buffer Memory (#29). (2N-4AD-TC, bit b0 of BFM #29 will be set on. This can be ind output as a bit device in the PLC (Y010 in this example). I be output in a similar manner, e.g. b10 BFM #29 Digital
	Н8000 FNC78 K2 K FROM K2 K	29 K4M10 K1]
	M10	Y010 Represents b0 BFM #29
	M20	Y011 Represents b10 BFM #29

M ⁻	1 FNC79 TO P	K2	K1	K4	K2]-[(K4) → (BFM #1), (K4) → (BFM #2) Number of samples is changed to four on both CH1 and CH2. (BFM #5) → (D0), (BFM #6) → (D1) Transfer the averaged temperature value in °C to the
	FNC78 FROM	K2	K5	D0	K2	\mathbb{H}	(BFM #5) \rightarrow (D0), (BFM #6) \rightarrow (D1) Transfer the averaged temperature value in °C to the data registers.
	This step is the actual reading of the FX _{2N} -4AD-TC input channels. It is essentially the only program step which is needed. The "TO" instruction in this example, sets the input channels, CH1 and CH2, to take the average reading of four samples. The "FROM" instruction reads the average temperatures (BFM #5 and #6) for input channels CH1 and CH2 of the FX _{2N} -4AD-TC. If direct temperature readings are required BFM #9 and #10 should be read instead, e.g.						
				FNC7	78 M spe bloc	K2 cial k No.2	K29 K4M10 K1 FX2N-4AD-TC result No. of BFM number destination words read

9. DIAGNOSTICS

9.1 Preliminary checks

- Check whether the input/output wiring and/or extension cables are properly connected on the FX2N-4AD-TC analog special function block.
- II. Check that the PLC system configuration limits have not been exceeded, i.e. the number of special function blocks and the total system I/O are within the specified range.
- III. Ensure that the correct operating range has been selected for the application.
- IV. Check that there is no power overload on either the 5V or 24V power sources, remember the loading on the main unit or a powered extension unit varies according to the number of extension blocks or special function blocks connected.
- V. Make sure that the main unit has been switched to RUN.

9.2 Error checking

If the FX2N-4AD-TC special function block does not seem to operate normally, check the following items.

- Check the status of the POWER LED.
 Lit : The extension cable is properly connected.
 - Otherwise : Check the connection of the extension cable.
- Check the external wiring.
- Check the status of the "24V" LED (top right corner of the FX2N-4AD-TC). Lit :FX2N-4AD-TC is ON, 24V DC power source is ON. Otherwise :Possible 24V DC power failure, if ON possible FX2N-4AD-TC failure.
- Check the status of the "A/D" LED (top right corner of the FX2N-4AD-TC).
 - Lit : A/D conversion is proceeding normally.

Otherwise :Check buffer memory #29 (error status). If any bits (b0, b2, b3) are ON, then this is why the A/D LED is OFF.

10.EMC CONSIDERATIONS

Electromagnetic compatibility or EMC must be considered before using the FX2N-4AD-TC.

Mitsubishi recommend that the thermocouple sensors used, should be fitted with a form of seild or screening as protection against EMC noise.

If some form of cable protection is used, the "Shield" must be terminated at the SLD \pm terminals as shown in chapter 2.

Because of the delicate nature of all analog signals, failure to take good EMC precautions could lead to EMC noise induced errors; up to $\pm 10\%$ of actual values. This is an absolute worst case figure, users who do take good precautions can expect operation within normal tolerances.

EMC considerations should include selection of good quality cables, good routing of those cables away from potential noise sources.

Additionally it is recommended that signal averaging is used as this will reduce the effects of random noise "spikes".

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

Manual number : JY992D65501 Manual revision : E Date : September 2007 MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7.3 MARIUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN HEAD OFFICE :: TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7.3 MARIUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN



attempting to install or use the unit.

special function block.

persons is as follows:

FX3U/FX3UC SERIES HARDWARE MANUAL.

the local and national standards.

the product associated with this manual

Notes on the Symbols Used in this Manual

Changes for the Better

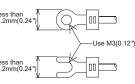
USER'S GUIDE

JY992D65501E

2. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg (0.66 lbs) Dimensions: mm (inches)

4.2 Using crimp terminations



5. SPECIFICATIONS

5.1 General specification

	-
Ite	n
General specifications	
Dielectric withstand voltag	je
	_

5.2 Power supply specification

Item	Specification
Analog circuits	24V DC ± 10%, 50mA
Digital circuits	5V DC, 30mA (internal power supply from the main unit)

5.3 Performance specification

Analog Inputs

Item Both °C Thermo Input signal C 1602 Type K Rated temperature ange Туре . 16-bit b Digital output Type K Туре . Type k Resolution Type J Overall accuracy ± (0.5% Calibration point

Item

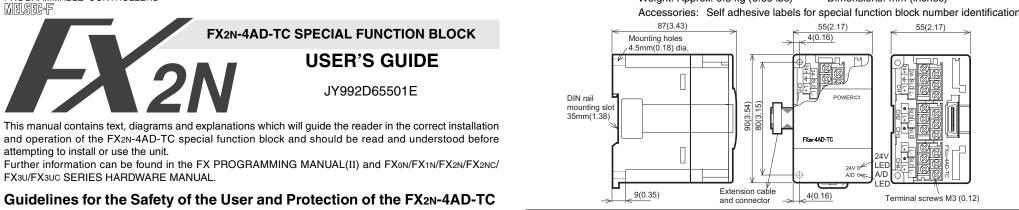
Conversion Characteristic

Readings given at calibratio reference point 0°C/32°F (0/ respectively. (subject to the overall accur

Miscellaneous

oonanoodo					
	Item				

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3. CONNECTION WITH PLC

3.1 Connection with PLC

The FX2N-4AD-TC unit can be connected to the PLCs as follows. Restrictions apply to the maximum number of connectable units, depending on the DC24V/DC5V Power Supply capacities and the Main Unit/ Special Function Unit types. For details, refer to the respective PLC manual.

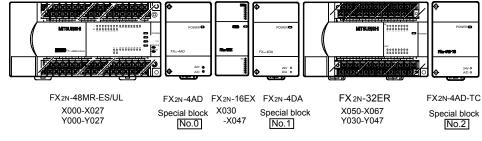
FX2N/FX3U : The maximum connectable units is 8.

- FX3UC^{*1} : The maximum connectable units is 8.
 - To connect the FX2N-4AD with the FX3UC main unit, FX2NC-CNV-IF or FX3UC-1PS-5V is required.
 - : The maximum connectable units is 4. To connect the FX2N-4AD-TC with the FX2NC main unit, FX2NC-CNV-IF is required.
- FX1N : The maximum connectable units is 8.
 - : The maximum connectable units is 4
- *1 Up to 7 units can be connected to an FX3UC-32MT-LT PLC.

3.2 Special function block numbers

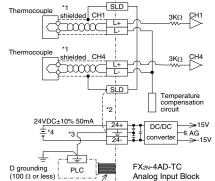
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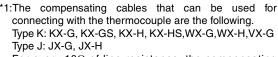
Connection example



4. WIRING

4.1 Wiring





For every 10Ω of line resistance, the compensating cable will indicate a temperature 0.12°C higher than actual

Check the line resistance before using. Long compensating cables are more prone to noise interference, therefore a short (less than 100m)

compensating cable is recommended. Unused channels should have a wire link connected between the + and - terminals to prevent an errors being detected on that channel.

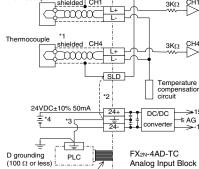
*2:If there is excessive electrical noise, connect the SLD terminal to the ground terminal on the unit

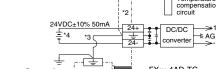
*3: Connect the ground terminals of the FX2N-4AD-TC unit and the main unit. Use grounding on the main unit.

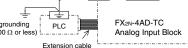
*4: The 24V DC built-in supply of the PLC may be used as the power supply.

a) Any engineer using the product associated with this manual, should be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to the local and national standards. These engineers should be fully aware of b) Any commissioning or service engineer must be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to

- FX2NC
- FXON







- Controllers (PLC).
- All data transfers and parameter settings are adjusted via software control of the FX2N-4AD-TC; by use of the TO/FROM applied instructions in the PLC.
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- Thermocouples with the following specifications can be used: Type K (JIS C 1602-1995) Type J (JIS C 1602-1995)

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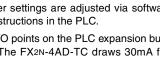
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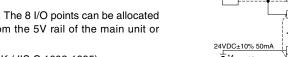
1. INTRODUCTION

The FX2N-4AD-TC analog block amplifies the signal from four thermocouple sensors (Type K or J) and converts the data into 16 bit reading's stored in the main unit. Both Centigrade (°C) and Fahrenheit (°F) can be read.

Reading resolution is 0.4°C/0.72°F of Type K and 0.3°C/0.54°F of Type J.

- The FX2N-4AD-TC can connected to the FX0N/FX1N/FX2N/FX2N/FX3U/FX3UC series Programmable







-->+15V

Isolation

Number of occupied I/O poir

Note: Earth-tipped thermocouples are not suitable for use with this unit. 5.4 Installation location

- · Use crimp terminals as indicated on the left.
- Secure the terminal using a tightening torque of between 0.5 and 0.8 N·m
- Wire only to the module terminals discussed in this manual. Leave all others vacant

ı	Specification
	Same as those for the main unit
)	500V AC, 1min (between all terminals and ground)

	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)			
С	and °F are available by reading t	he approp	priate buffer memory (BFM).		
	couple: Type K or J (either can be 1995	e used for	each channel), 4 channels, JIS		
K	-100°C to +1,200°C	Туре К	-148°F to +2,192°F		
J	-100°C to +600°C	Type J	-148°F to +1,112°F		
bir	nary with sign				
K	-1,000 to +12,000	Туре К	-1480 to +21,920		
J	-1,000 to +6,000	Type J	-1480 to +11,120		
K	0.4°C	Туре К	0.72°F		
J	0.3°C	Type J	0.54°F		
%	full scale +1°C)				

Freezing point of pure water 0°C / 32°F

Conversion speed $(240\text{ms} \pm 2\%) \times 4$ channels (unused channels are not converted)

	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)
cs on)/320)	(Type K) +12,000 (Type J) +6,000	(Type K) +21,920 (Type J) +11,120
racy)	-100°C +600°C +1,200°C -1,000 (Type J) (Type K)	-148°F +1,112°F +2,192°F -1,480 (Type J) (Type K)

	Specification
	Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. DC/DC converter isolation of power from main unit. No isolation between analog channels.
ints	The block occupies 8 I/O points (can be either inputs or outputs)

6. ALLOCATION OF BUFFER MEMORIES (BFM)

6.1 Buffer memories

BFM	CONTENTS
*#0	Thermocouple Type K or J selection mode. At shipment: H0000
*# 1 - #4	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature reading to be averaged (1 to 256) Default = 8
#5 - #8	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature in 0.1°C units
#9 - #12	CH1 to CH4 Present temperature in 0.1°C units
#13 - #16	CH1 to CH4 Averaged temperature in 0.1°F units
#17 - #20	CH1 to CH4 Present temperature in 0.1° F units
#21 - #27	Reserved
*#28	Digital range error latch
#29	Error status
#30	Identification code K2030
#31	Reserved

The FX2N-4AD-TC communicates with the PLC via buffer memories.

BFMs #21 to #27 and #31 are reserved All non reserved BFMs can be read

by the PLC using the FROM instruction

with an "*" can be written to, the special function block using the TO instruction.

Bit devices of BFM #29	ON	OFF
b0 : Error	When either b2 or b3 is ON A/D conversion is stopped for the error channel	No error
b1 : Not used	—	—
b2 : Power source	24V DC power supply failure	power supply normal
b3 : Hardware error	A/D converter or other hardware failure	Hardware Normal
b4 to b9 : Not used	—	—
b10 : Digital range error	Digital output/analog input value is outside the specified range.	Digital output value is normal.
b11 : Averaging number error	Selected number of averaged results is outside the available range -see BFM #1 to #4	Averaging is normal. (between 1 to 256)
b12 to b15 : Not used	—	—

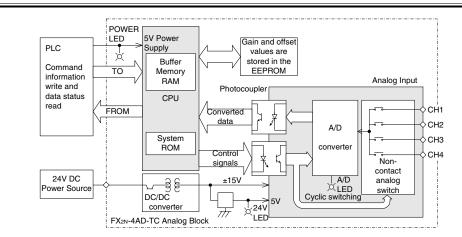
3) Identification Code Buffer Memory BFM #30

Buffer Memory BFM #29: Error status

Bit dovices of PEM #20

The identification code or ID number for this Special Block is read from buffer memory BFM #30 using the FROM instruction. This number for the FX2N-4AD-TC unit is K2030. The PLC can use this facility in its program to identify the special block before commencing data transfer to and from the special block.

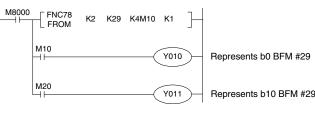
7. SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

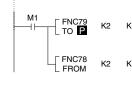


8. EXAMPLE PROGRAM

In the program shown below, the FX2N-4AD-TC occupies the position of special block number 2 (that is the third closest block to the PLC). A Type K thermocouple is used on CH1 and a Type J on CH2. CH3 and CH4 are not used. The averaging count is four. The averaged values in degrees C of input channels CH1 and CH2 are stored respectively in data registers D0 and D1.

		•		-		U	
M8002 Initial Pulse	- FNC79 TO	K2	K0	H3310	K1]	Specify the type of thermocouples. H3310 R Block No.2 BFM#0 CH4 and CH3: not used
M8002 Initial Pulse	FNC78	K2	K30	D2	K1]_	CH2: Type J(1) CH1: Type K(0) Block No.2 BFM #30 R (D2) Identification code
	FNC10 CMP	K2030	D2	MO			When (K2030) = (D2), M1 = ON. i.e. When identification code is K2030, M1 = ON.
		an F optic	X2N-4	1AD-TC	;, i.e. i	its unit	he special function block placed at position 2 is actually identification number is 2030 (BFM #30). This step is ftware check that the system has been configured
M8000 RUN monitor	FNC78	K2	K29	K4M10	K1]	Block No.2 BFM #29 R (K4M10) Transfer the error status to (M25 to M10). When error is found, M10 = ON
	M10		Error	found	Y010	\supset	Represents b0 BFM #29
		If the read Add	ere is I by th itiona	an Erro nis prog	or on t ram s device	the FX step, a es can	nonitoring of the FX2N-4AD-TC Error Buffer Memory (#29). 2N-4AD-TC, bit b0 of BFM #29 will be set on. This can be nd output as a bit device in the PLC (Y010 in this example). be output in a similar manner, e.g. b10 BFM #29 Digital





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9. DIAGNOSTICS

9.1 Preliminary checks

- 4AD-TC analog special function block.
- II. Check that the PLC system configuration limits have not been exceeded, i.e. the number of special function blocks and the total system I/O are within the specified range.
- III. Ensure that the correct operating range has been selected for the application.
- special function blocks connected.

9.2 Error checking

Check the status of the POWER LED.

- Check the external wiring.
- l it
- Check the status of the "A/D" LED (top right corner of the FX2N-4AD-TC). :A/D conversion is proceeding normally. l it Otherwise : Check buffer memory #29 (error status). If any bits (b0, b2, b3) are ON, then this is why the A/D LED is OFF.

10.EMC CONSIDERATIONS

as shown in chapter 2.

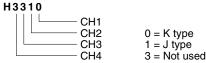
from potential noise sources

"spikes".



1) Buffer Memory BFM #0: Thermocouple Type K or J selection mode BFM #0 is used to select Type K or J thermocouples for each channel. Each digit of a 4 digit

hexadecimal number corresponds to one channel, the least significant digit being channel 1. [Example]



A/D conversion time is 240ms per channel. When "3" (unused) is set for a channel, A/D conversion is not executed for that channel, therefore, the total conversion time is decreased. In the above example, the conversion time is as follows:

240ms (conversion time per channel) × 2channels (number of channels used) = 480ms (total conversion time)

2) Buffer Memory BFMs #1 to #4: Number of temperature readings to be averaged

When the number of temperature readings to be averaged is specified for BFMs #1 to #4, the averaged data is stored in BFMs #5 to #8 (°C) and #13 to #16 (°F). Only the range 1 to 256 is valid for the number of temperature readings to be averaged. If a value outside of this range is entered, a default value of 8 is used.

3) Buffer Memory BFMs #9 to #12 and #17 to #20: Present temperature

These BFMs store the present value of the input data. This value is stored in units of 0.1°C or 0.1°F, but the resolution is only 0.4°C or 0.72°F for Type K and 0.3°C or 0.54°F for Type J.

6.2 Status Information

1) Buffer Memory BFM #28: Digital range error latch

BFM #29 b10(digital range error) is used to judge whether the measured temperature is within the unit's range

BFM #28 latches the error status of each channel and can be used to check for thermocouple disconnection

When an error occurs the temperature data before the error is latched. If the measured value returns to within valid limits the temperature data returns to normal operation. (Note: The error remains latched in (BFM #28))

An error can be cleared by writing K0 to BFM #28 using the TO instruction or turning off the power.

b15 or b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Not used	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
	CI	-14	CI	-13	CI	-12	Cł	-11

- Low: Latches ON when the temperature measurement data drops below the lowest temperature limit
- High: Turns ON when the temperature measurement data rises above the highest temperature limit, or when a thermocouple is disconnected

[Handling for digital range error latch]

FX2N-4AD-TC has already started measuring operation when the PLC main unit's state becomes RUN after turning on the power.

If unstability of the temperature value is expected because of noise just after turning on the power, reset the error once by writing 'K0' to BFM #28.

BFMs (buffer memories) marked

				(K4) \rightarrow (BFM #1), (K4) \rightarrow (BFM #2) Number of samples is changed to four on both CH1 and CH2.
5	D0	K2]–[(BFM #5) \rightarrow (D0), (BFM #6) \rightarrow (D1) Transfer the averaged temperature value in °C to the data registers.
ogra els, ROI els (am ste CH1 a M" inst CH1 ar	p whi nd Cł ructic nd CH	ch is ne H2, to ta on reads I2 of the	of the FX _{2N} -4AD-TC input channels. It is essentially the eded. The "TO" instruction in this example, sets the input ke the average reading of four samples. the average temperatures (BFM #5 and #6) for input FX _{2N} -4AD-TC. If direct temperature readings are uld be read instead, e.g.
	FNC7	8	K0	каа кимио ки Ц

FROM	K2	K29	K4M10	K1 -	+
	special	FX2N-4AD-TC	result	No. of	
	block No.2	BFM number	destination	words read	1

- Check whether the input/output wiring and/or extension cables are properly connected on the FX2N-
- IV. Check that there is no power overload on either the 5V or 24V power sources, remember the loading on the main unit or a powered extension unit varies according to the number of extension blocks or
- V. Make sure that the main unit has been switched to RUN.
- If the FX2N-4AD-TC special function block does not seem to operate normally, check the following items.
 - :The extension cable is properly connected.
 - Otherwise : Check the connection of the extension cable.
- Check the status of the "24V" LED (top right corner of the FX2N-4AD-TC).
 - :FX2N-4AD-TC is ON, 24V DC power source is ON.
 - Otherwise : Possible 24V DC power failure, if ON possible FX2N-4AD-TC failure.
- Electromagnetic compatibility or EMC must be considered before using the FX2N-4AD-TC.
- Mitsubishi recommend that the thermocouple sensors used, should be fitted with a form of seild or screening as protection against EMC noise.
- If some form of cable protection is used, the "Shield" must be terminated at the SLD \pm terminals
- Because of the delicate nature of all analog signals, failure to take good EMC precautions could lead to EMC noise induced errors; up to ±10% of actual values. This is an absolute worst case figure, users who do take good precautions can expect operation within normal tolerances.
- EMC considerations should include selection of good quality cables, good routing of those cables away
- Additionally it is recommended that signal averaging is used as this will reduce the effects of random noise

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